

reduction processing during any one of the previous 3 years.

6. The amount allocated to joint venture processing (JVP) is zero because there is no history of, nor are there applications for, joint ventures.

7. Domestic annual harvest capacity (DAH) is 4,202 mt. DAH is the sum of DAP and JVP.

8. The total allowable level of foreign fishing (TALFF) is 474 mt. The TALFF in the EEZ is based on the U.S. portion of the OY (4,900 mt) minus the DAH (4,202 mt), minus the amount of the expected harvest in the Mexican fishery zone that is in excess of the amount recognized as Mexico's share under the FMP formula. The expected 1994-95 harvest in the Mexican fishery zone is 2,324 mt, which would be the largest Mexican harvest in the past 3 years. The amount recognized as Mexico's share under the FMP formula is 30 percent of the OY, which is 2,100 mt in 1994-95. Therefore, 224 mt must be subtracted from the difference between the U.S. OY and the estimated DAH.

$$\text{TALFF} = 4,900 - 4,202 - (2,324 - 2,100) = 474 \text{ mt.}$$

The U.S. vessel operators are interested in having a small reduction fishery even in years when the biomass is below 300,000 mt. The FMP makes separate allocations to U.S. reduction and nonreduction fisheries and does not provide for a transfer between categories. The Council has been advised that if it intends for a small reduction quota to be allocated in years when the biomass is below 300,000 mt, the FMP must be amended. Without such an amendment, under this year's OY setting a TALFF is required by the FMP. In fact, NMFS expects no applications from foreign nations for this TALFF. Furthermore, Section 201 of the Magnuson Act would prevent the allocation of this TALFF if a foreign nation did apply.

These are the final northern anchovy quotas for the 1994-95 fishing season and will remain as such unless the Regional Director determines that a change in harvest quota is justified because inaccurate data were used or calculation errors were made. If changes are necessary, NMFS will publish a notice in the Federal Register notifying the public of the change and the reasons therefor.

Classification

This action is authorized by 50 CFR part 662 and is exempt from OMB review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: August 18, 1994.

Gary C. Matlock.

Program Management Officer, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 94-20816 Filed 8-19-94; 2:07 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

50 CFR Part 675

[Docket No. 931100-4043; LD. 081994A]

Groundfish of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Prohibition.

SUMMARY: NMFS is prohibiting fishing with trawl gear in the salmon savings area in the Bering Sea subarea of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands management area (BSAI). This action is necessary to prevent exceeding the 1994 limit of non-chinook salmon caught by vessels using trawl gear in the catcher vessel operational area.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12 noon, Alaska local time (A.L.T.), August 20, 1994, until 12 noon, A.L.T., November 12, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Andrew N. Smoker, 907-586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The groundfish fishery in the BSAI exclusive economic zone is managed by the Secretary of Commerce according to the Fishery Management Plan for the Groundfish Fishery of the BSAI (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery Management Council under authority of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Fishing by U.S. vessels is governed by regulations implementing the FMP at 50 CFR parts 620 and 675.

The Director of the Alaska Region, NMFS, has determined, in accordance with § 675.22(h), that vessels using trawl gear in the catcher vessel operational area (which is defined at § 675.22(g)) have caught 42,000 non-chinook salmon. Therefore, NMFS is prohibiting fishing with trawl gear in the area defined by straight lines connecting the following coordinates in the order listed:

- 56°00'N., 167°00'W.;
- 56°00'N., 165°00'W.;
- 55°30'N., 165°00'W.;
- 55°30'N., 164°00'W.;
- 55°00'N., 164°00'W.;
- 55°00'N., 167°00'W.;
- 56°00'N., 167°00'W.

from 12 noon, A.L.T., August 20, 1994, until 12 noon, A.L.T., November 12, 1994.

Classification

This action is taken under § 675.22 and is exempt from OMB review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

Dated: August 19, 1994

David S. Crestin.

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 94-20819 Filed 8-19-94; 2:52 pm]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

50 CFR Part 676

[Docket No. 940546-4219; I.D. 060994B]

RIN 0648-AD19

Limited Access Management of Federal Fisheries In and Off of Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues a final rule to implement Amendment 30 to the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for the Groundfish Fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands Area (BSAI) and Amendment 34 to the FMP for Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska (GOA), and to implement regulatory amendments affecting the Pacific halibut and sablefish fisheries in and off of the State of Alaska (Alaska or State). This action is necessary to raise the sablefish community development quota (CDQ) allocation limit for qualified applicants from 12 percent to 33 percent in order to allow total allocation of the sablefish CDQ reserve, and to expand the types of evidence that may be used to verify vessel leases for the Pacific halibut and sablefish individual fishing quota (IFQ) program.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 23, 1994.

ADDRESSES: Copies of Amendments 30 and 34 to the FMPs and the Regulatory Impact Review may be obtained from the North Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), P.O. Box 103136, Anchorage, AK 99510.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Lepore, 907-586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Pacific halibut and sablefish CDQ program was designed to promote the revitalization of rural communities in Western Alaska by providing those communities access to nearby fishery resources. The program was developed

control number 2070-0038 for P-85-335 and P-86-1153 and OMB control number 2070-0012 for P-85-336, which has not yet been produced commercially.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to vary from 30 to 170 hours per response, with an average of 100 hours per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 721

Environmental protection, Chemicals, Hazardous materials, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Significant new uses.

Dated: August 15, 1994.

Joseph A. Carra,

Acting Director, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

Therefore, 40 CFR part 721 is amended as follows:

PART 721—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 721 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2604, 2607, and 2625(c).

2. By adding new § 721.825 to subpart E to read as follows:

§ 721.825 Certain aromatic ether diamines.

(a) *Chemical substances and significant new uses subject to reporting.*

(1) The following chemical substances are subject to reporting under this section for the significant new uses described in paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4) of this section: Benzenamine, 4,4'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2,5-diylbis(oxy)]bis- (CAS Number 94148-67-1, Premanufacture notice (PMN) P-85-335); 1,2,4,5-benzenetetracarboxylic acid, diethyl ester, compound with 4,4'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2,5-diylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (1:1) (PMN P-85-336); and 1,2,4,5-benzenetetracarboxylic acid, 1,4-diethyl ester, compound with 4,4'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2,5-diylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine] (1:1), polymer with 4,4'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-2,5-diylbis(oxy)]bis[benzenamine]-1,5-diethyl-1,2,4,5-benzenetetracarboxylate (1:1), reaction products with phthalic anhydride (PMN P-86-1153).

(2) The significant new use for P-85-335 is: Manufacture, import, or processing in a quantity of 100,000 pounds per year, or greater, for any use.

(3) The significant new use for P-85-336 is: Any use.

(4) The significant new use for P-86-1153 is: Manufacture, import, or

processing in a quantity of 225,000 pounds per year, or greater, for any use.

(b) *Specific requirements.* The provisions of subpart A of this part apply to this section except as modified by this paragraph.

(1) *Persons who must report.* Section 721.5 applies to this section except § 721.5(a)(2). A person who intends to manufacture, import, or process for commercial purposes a substance identified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section and intends to distribute the substance in commerce must submit a significant new use notice.

(2) [Reserved]

[FR Doc. 94-20688 Filed 8-22-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

43 CFR Public Land Order 7077

[AZ-930-4210-06; AZA-13388, AZA-13401, AZA-13402]

Partial Revocation of Secretarial Orders dated July 2, 1902, March 14, 1929, and September 30, 1904; Arizona

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Public Land Order.

SUMMARY: This order partially revokes three Secretarial orders insofar as they affect 51.66 acres of public land withdrawn for the Bureau of Reclamation's Colorado River Survey, and the Colorado River Storage and Yuma Projects. The land is no longer needed for the purpose for which it was withdrawn, and the revocation is needed to permit disposal of the land through the Bureau of Land Management's land exchange program. This action will open the land to surface entry and mining, unless closed by overlapping withdrawals or temporary segregations of record. The land has been and will remain open to mineral leasing.

EFFECTIVE DATE: September 22, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Mezes, BLM Arizona State Office, P.O. Box 16563, Phoenix, Arizona 85011, 602-650-0509.

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. 1714 (1988) as amended, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Secretarial Orders dated July 2, 1902, March 14, 1929, and September 30, 1904, which withdrew land for the Bureau of Reclamation's Colorado River

Survey, and the Colorado River Storage and Yuma Projects, are hereby revoked insofar as they affect the following described land:

Gila and Salt River Meridian

T. 9 S., R. 23 W.,

Sec. 29, lot 2, and SE¼SW¼.

The area described contains 51.66 acres in Yuma County.

2. At 10 a.m. on September 22, 1994, the land will be opened to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications received at or prior to 10 a.m. on September 22, 1994 shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time. Those received thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

3. At 10 a.m. on September 22, 1994 the land will be opened to location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, other segregations of record, and the requirements of applicable law. Appropriation of any of the land described in this order under the general mining laws prior to the date and time of restoration is unauthorized. Any such attempted appropriation, including attempted adverse possession under 30 U.S.C. 38 (1988), shall vest no rights against the United States. Acts required to establish a location and to initiate a right of possession are governed by State law where not in conflict with Federal law. The Bureau of Land Management will not intervene in disputes between rival locators over possessory rights since Congress has provided for such determinations in local courts.

Dated: August 11, 1994.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

[FR Doc. 94-20576 Filed 8-22-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-32-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 672

[Docket No. 931199-4042; I.D. 081694B]

Groundfish of the Gulf of Alaska

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

Bearden, Berg, Bibb, Brix, Gharrett, ~~Gibber~~, Ham, Hindman, Lepore, Loefflad, Pearson, Rivera, Salvesson, Sloan, Smoker, Tromble, Varosi, File: 1504-15-040- 6 - 2 - 37 ; 1504-15-020

51605 MEYER

ACTION: Closure.

SUMMARY: NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for groundfish, other than demersal shelf rockfish (DSR) in the Southeast Outside district, by vessels using hook-and-line gear in the Gulf of Alaska (GOA). This action is necessary because the entire bycatch allowance of Pacific halibut apportioned to hook-and-line gear in the GOA for the 1994 fishing year has been reached.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12 noon, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), August 31, 1994, until 12 midnight, A.l.t., December 31, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael L. Sloan, 907-586-7228.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The groundfish fishery in the GOA exclusive economic zone is managed by the Secretary of Commerce according to the Fishery Management Plan for Groundfish of the GOA (FMP) prepared by the North Pacific Fishery

Management Council under authority of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Fishing by U.S. vessels is governed by regulations implementing the FMP at 50 CFR parts 620 and 672.

In accordance with § 672.20(f)(1)(ii), the 1994 Pacific halibut bycatch allowance for hook-and-line gear for groundfish fisheries in the GOA, other than DSR in the Southeast Outside district, was established by the final 1994 groundfish specifications (59 FR 7647, February 16, 1994) as 740 metric tons.

The Director, Alaska Region, NMFS, has determined, in accordance with § 672.20(f)(3)(ii)(A), that the catch of Pacific halibut by operators of vessels using hook-and-line gear in groundfish fisheries other than the directed fishery for DSR in the Southeast Outside District has reached the annual bycatch allowance of Pacific halibut. Therefore,

NMFS is prohibiting directed fishing for groundfish, other than DSR in the Southeast Outside district, by vessels using hook-and-line gear in the GOA from 12 noon, A.l.t., August 31, 1994, until 12 midnight, A.l.t., December 31, 1994.

Directed fishing standards for applicable gear types may be found in the regulations at § 672.20(g).

Classification

This action is taken under 50 CFR 672.20 and is exempt from OMB review under E.O. 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 *et seq.*

Dated: August 18, 1994.

David S. Crestin,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 94-20677 Filed 8-22-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F